and that everyone else would be improved by adopting their frame of mind.—Julie Still, Rutgers University, Camden, New Jersey

Short Notices

The Economics of Information in the 1990s. Ed. Jana Varlejs Jefferson. N.C.: McFarland, 1995. 93p. $15.95, paper. (ISBN 0-7864-0130-3.) These proceedings of a 1994 symposium at Rutgers University contain five contributions, an introduction and conference discussion, and an annotated bibliography. Its central concern is to assess the impact of digital technology on the economics of information production, storage, and dissemination. The papers come from five very different perspectives: an economist (Malcolm Getz), a library school researcher (Paul Kantor), a publisher (Janet Bailey), a public interest advocate (James Love), and a library director (Arthur Curley). Although each is of some interest, they are all quite short—barely scratching the surface of such a complex (and crucial) topic. (BW)

McDermott, Patrice. Politics and Scholarship: Feminist Academic Journals and the Production of Knowledge. Champaign, Ill.: Univ. of Illinois Pr., 1994. 197p., alk. paper, $13.95. (ISBN 0-252-02078-2.) Politics and Scholarship examines the history of three feminist academic journals and traces their evolution and transformation: Feminist Studies, Frontiers, and Signs. McDermott chooses journals affiliated with major research universities in order to investigate the different ways they address both the feminist and the scholarly communities. She shows how, increasingly, feminist scholars choose to publish in feminist journals that replicate traditional academic publishing standards because of the recognition afforded them by tenure and promotion review committees, as well as their wider audiences and more stable financing. (EW)

Haricombe, Lorraine J., and F. W. Lancaster. Out in the Cold: Academic Boycotts and the Isolation of South Africa. Arlington, Va.: Information Resources Pr., 1995. 158p. $29.50. (ISBN 0-87815-067-6.) Stemming from Haricombe’s dissertation at the University of Illinois, this study “was designed solely to determine to what extent scholarship in South Africa may have suffered as a result of various manifestations of an academic boycott.” These manifestations included the banning of South African scholars from conferences, rejection of manuscripts by South African scholars for publication, nonrecognition of South African degrees, etc. Access to information played a key role in the boycott, and the authors devote some attention to the debate among librarians (especially at the 1987 ALA conference and its aftermath), and to the actions they and publishers took to isolate South African scholarship. The bottom